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Taxing externalities with measurable pollution

Atmosphere:

$$A = \sum_{i} a^{i} x_{0}^{i} \tag{1}$$

The only route for externalities is through A. Note A is the same for all consumers. Note linearity is not important. This could be done with a vector of different atmospheres, e.g., for different locations.

Pareto optimality assuming linear technology with fixed producer prices p:

Max
$$\sum_{h} \alpha^{h} u^{h} \left[x_{0}^{h}, x^{h}, A \right]$$

s.t. $\sum_{h} \left(p_{0} x_{0}^{h} + p. x^{h} \right) = R$ (2)

First order conditions with respect to x_i^h, x_0^h :

$$\alpha^{h} \frac{\partial u^{h}}{\partial x_{i}} = \lambda p_{i} \qquad h = 1, 2, \dots, H; \ i = 1, 2, \dots, N$$
(3)

$$\alpha^{h} \frac{\partial u^{h}}{\partial x_{0}} + a^{h} \sum_{k} \alpha^{k} \frac{\partial u^{k}}{\partial A} = \lambda p_{0}$$
(4)

Substituting from (3) in (4)

$$\frac{\partial u^{h} / \partial x_{0}^{h}}{\partial u^{h} / \partial x_{1}^{h}} = \frac{p_{0}}{p_{1}} - a^{h} \sum_{k} \frac{\partial u^{k} / \partial A}{\partial u^{k} / \partial x_{1}^{k}}$$
(5)

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I. If we can measure the pollution contribution, $a^h x_0^h$, we can decentralize the PO by pricing pollution, although prices might need to vary by person.

The consumer problem becomes:

Max
$$u^{h} \begin{bmatrix} x_{0}^{h}, x^{h}, A \end{bmatrix}$$

s.t. $p_{0}x_{0} + p.x + t^{h}a^{h}x_{0} = I^{h}$ (6)

First order conditions

$$\frac{\partial u^{h} / \partial x_{0}^{h} + a^{h} \partial u^{h} / \partial A}{\partial u^{h} / \partial x_{1}^{h}} = \frac{p_{0} + t^{h} a^{h}}{p_{1}}$$
(7)

This will support the PO provided

$$\frac{t^{h}}{p_{1}} = \frac{\partial u^{h} / \partial A}{\partial u^{h} / \partial x_{1}^{h}} - \sum_{k} \frac{\partial u^{k} / \partial A}{\partial u^{k} / \partial x_{1}^{k}}$$
(8)

If individuals ignore their own feedback to the atmosphere, individual choice now has FOC:

$$\frac{\partial u^h / \partial x_0^h}{\partial u^h / \partial x_1^h} = \frac{p_0 + t^h a^h}{p_1} \tag{9}$$

This allows support for the PO with uniform taxes

$$\frac{t}{p_1} = -\sum_k \frac{\partial u^k / \partial A}{\partial u^k / \partial x_1^k}$$
(10)

Note this extends to a vector of (local) atmospheres and more than one externality generating good, provided pricing distinguishes each atmosphere.

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II. Alternatively, assuming consumers ignore the feedback on self through A, decentralization can be approached by taxing good zero.

Max
$$u^{h} \begin{bmatrix} x_{0}^{h}, x^{h}, A \end{bmatrix}$$

s.t. $(p_{0} + t^{h}) x_{0}^{h} + p \cdot x^{h} = I^{h}$

$$(11)$$

First order condition:

$$\frac{\partial u^h / \partial x_0^h}{\partial u^h / \partial x_i^h} = \frac{p_0 + t^h}{p_i} \tag{12}$$

$$t^{h} = a^{h} p_{1} \sum_{k} \frac{\partial u^{k} / \partial A}{\partial u^{k} / \partial x_{1}^{k}}$$
(13)

This relies on the lack of choice in how the good is consumed, with different choices resulting in different levels of pollution