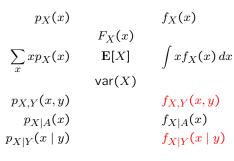
# **LECTURE 9**

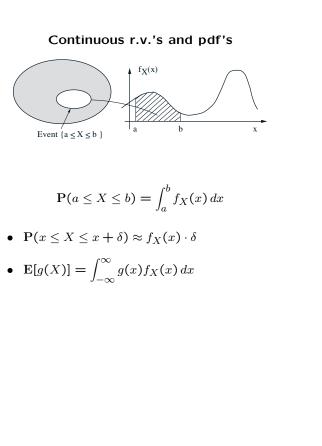
• Readings: Sections 3.4-3.5

Outline

- PDF review
- Multiple random variables
- conditioning
- independence
- Examples

## Summary of concepts





Joint PDF  $f_{X,Y}(x,y)$ 

$$\mathbf{P}((X,Y)\in S) = \int \int_S f_{X,Y}(x,y) \, dx \, dy$$

• Interpretation:

 $\mathbf{P}(x \le X \le x + \delta, \ y \le Y \le y + \delta) \approx f_{X,Y}(x,y) \cdot \delta^2$ 

- Expectations:  $\mathbf{E}[g(X,Y)] = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} g(x,y) f_{X,Y}(x,y) \, dx \, dy$
- From the joint to the marginal:

# $f_X(x) \cdot \delta \approx \mathbf{P}(x \le X \le x + \delta) =$

X and Y are called independent if
 f<sub>X,Y</sub>(x, y) = f<sub>X</sub>(x)f<sub>Y</sub>(y), for all x, y

#### Buffon's needle

Parallel lines at distance d Needle of length l (assume l < d)</li>
Find P(needle intersects one of the lines)



- $X \in [0, d/2]$ : distance of needle midpoint to nearest line
- Model: X,  $\Theta$  uniform, independent

$$f_{X,\Theta}(x,\theta) = 0 \le x \le d/2, \ 0 \le \theta \le \pi/2$$

• Intersect if  $X \leq \frac{\ell}{2} \sin \Theta$ 

$$P\left(X \le \frac{\ell}{2}\sin\Theta\right) = \int \int_{x \le \frac{\ell}{2}\sin\theta} f_X(x) f_{\Theta}(\theta) \, dx \, d\theta$$
$$= \frac{4}{\pi d} \int_0^{\pi/2} \int_0^{(\ell/2)\sin\theta} \, dx \, d\theta$$
$$= \frac{4}{\pi d} \int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{\ell}{2}\sin\theta \, d\theta = \frac{2\ell}{\pi d}$$

### Conditioning

Recall

 $\mathbf{P}(x \le X \le x + \delta) \approx f_X(x) \cdot \delta$ 

• By analogy, would like:

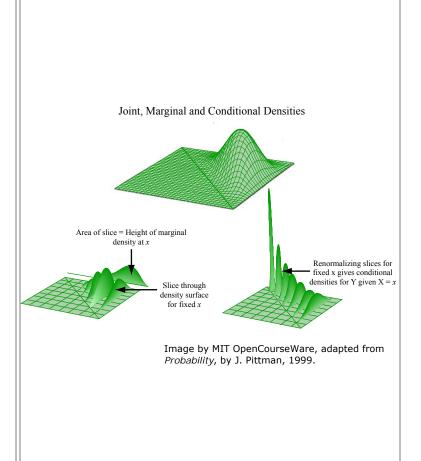
 $\mathbf{P}(x \le X \le x + \delta \mid Y \approx y) \approx f_{X|Y}(x \mid y) \cdot \delta$ 

• This leads us to the **definition**:

$$f_{X|Y}(x \mid y) = \frac{f_{X,Y}(x,y)}{f_Y(y)}$$
 if  $f_Y(y) > 0$ 

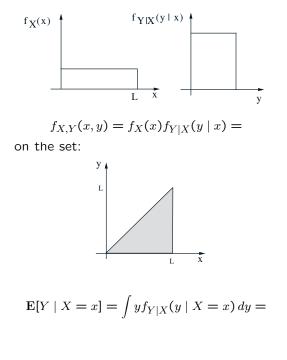
- For given y, conditional PDF is a (normalized) "section" of the joint PDF
- If independent,  $f_{X,Y} = f_X f_Y$ , we obtain

$$f_{X|Y}(x|y) = f_X(x)$$

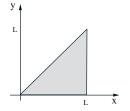


## Stick-breaking example

 Break a stick of length ℓ twice: break at X: uniform in [0, 1]; break again at Y, uniform in [0, X]



$$f_{X,Y}(x,y) = \frac{1}{\ell x}, \qquad 0 \le y \le x \le \ell$$



$$f_Y(y) = \int f_{X,Y}(x,y) \, dx$$
  
=  $\int_y^\ell \frac{1}{\ell x} \, dx$   
=  $\frac{1}{\ell} \log \frac{\ell}{y}, \qquad 0 \le y \le \ell$   
$$\mathbf{E}[Y] = \int_0^\ell y f_Y(y) \, dy = \int_0^\ell y \frac{1}{\ell} \log \frac{\ell}{y} \, dy = \frac{\ell}{4}$$

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