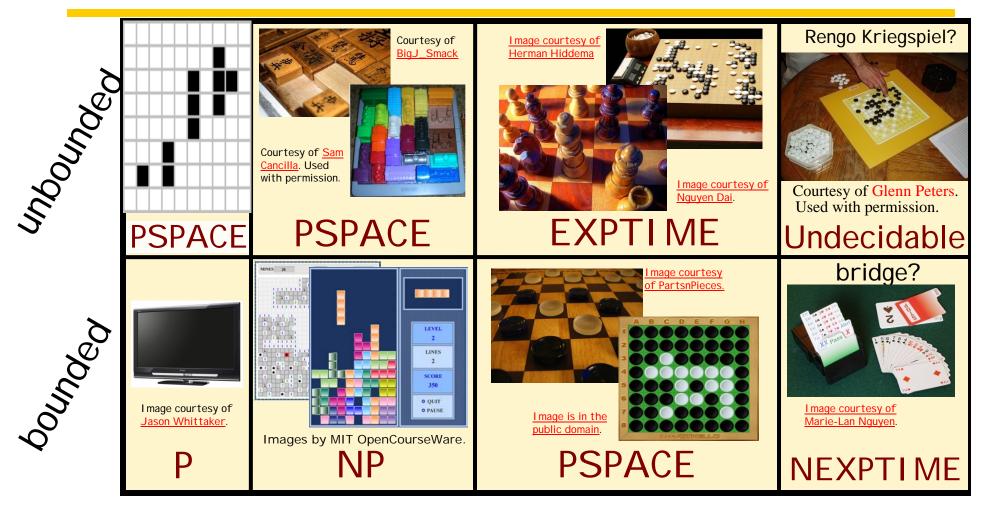
## Complexity of Games & Puzzles

[Demaine, Hearn & many others]

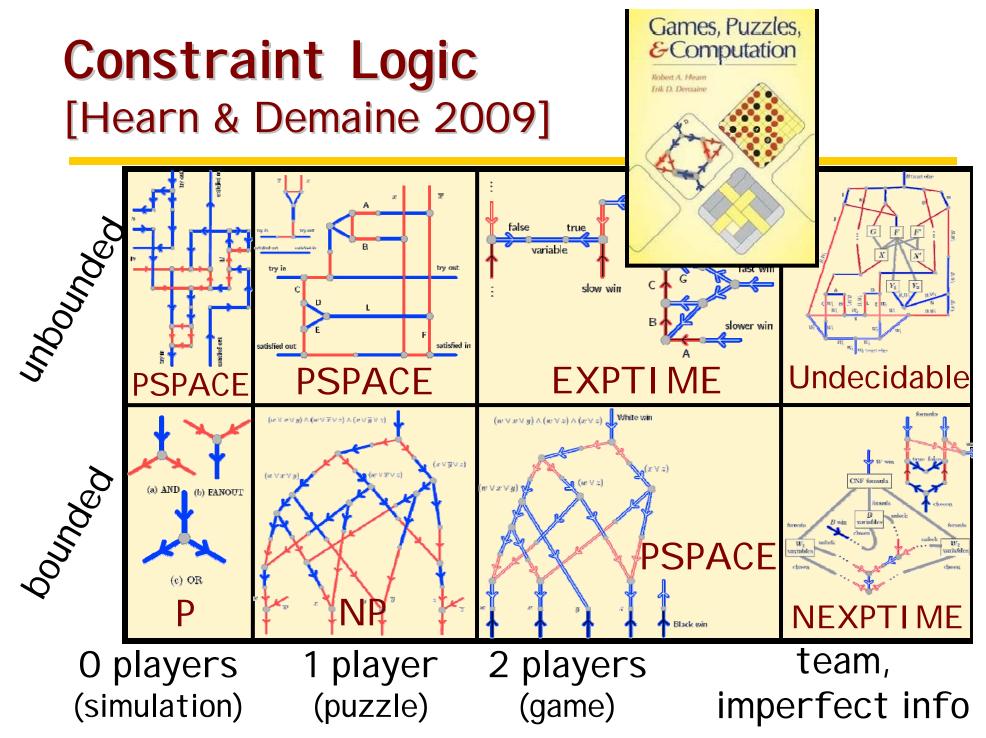


O players (simulation)

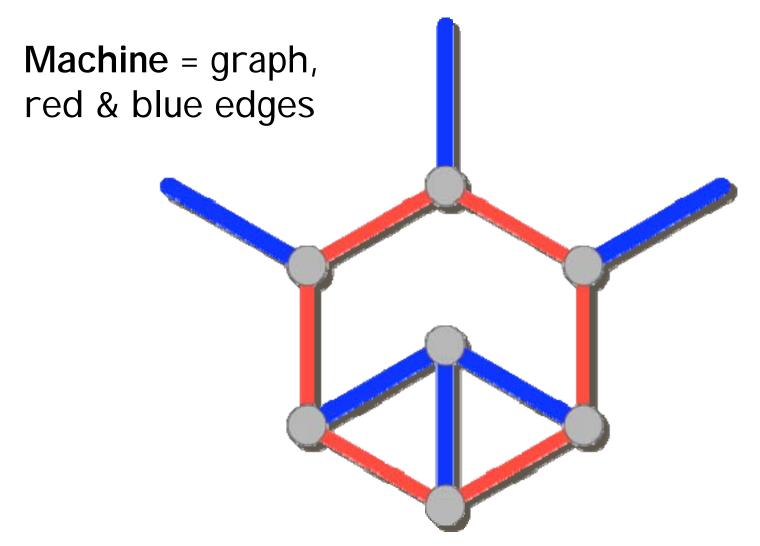
1 player (puzzle)

2 players (game)

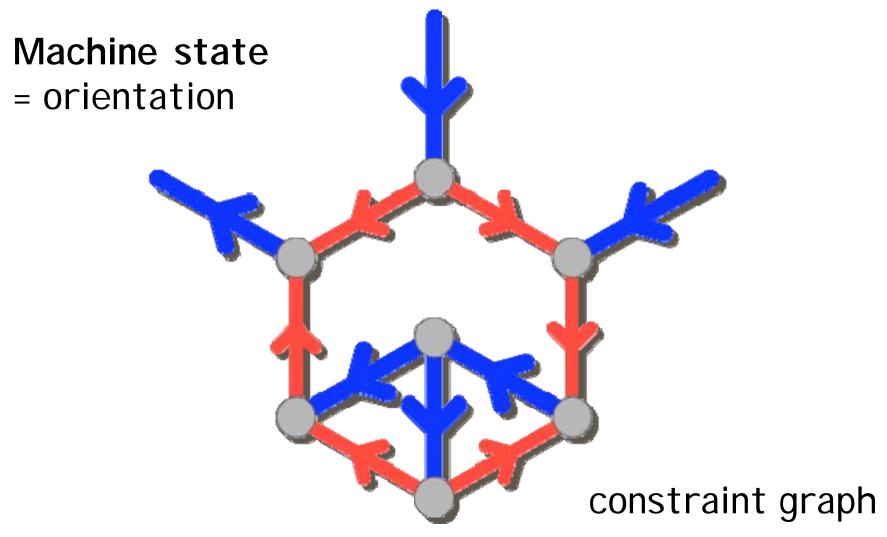
team, imperfect info



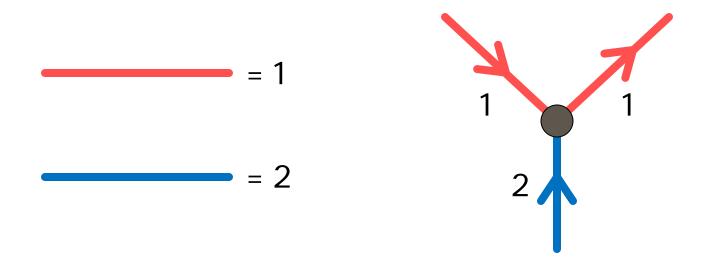
## **Constraint Graphs**



## **Constraint Graphs**



## **Constraint Logic**

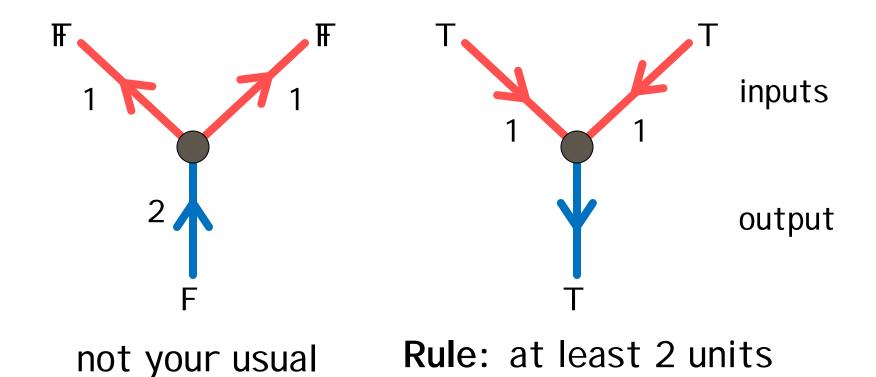


Rule: at least 2 units incoming at a vertex

Move: reverse an edge, preserving Rule

#### **AND** vertex

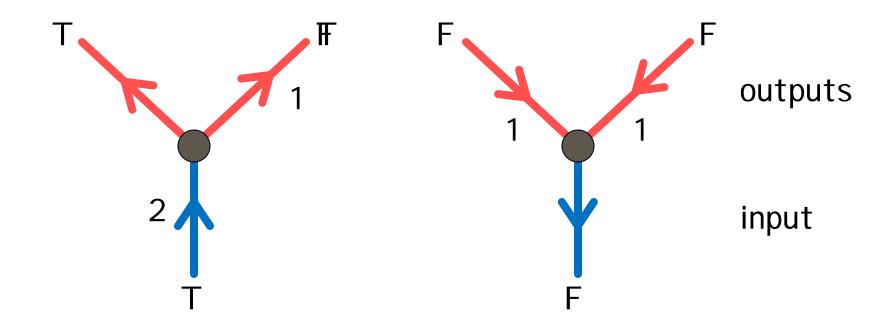
AND gate!



Copyright (2009) From Games, Puzzles, and Computation by Robert A. Hearn and Erik D. Demaine. Reproduced by permission of Taylor and Francis Group, LLC, a division of Informa plc.

incoming at a vertex

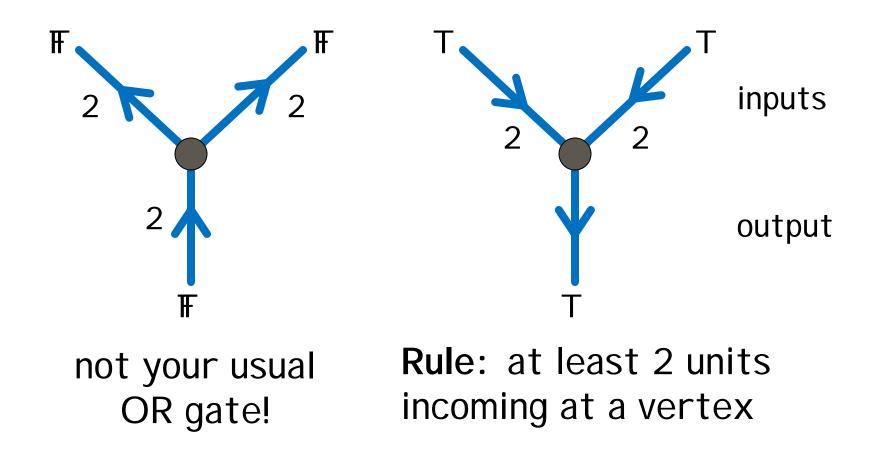
#### **SPLIT** vertex



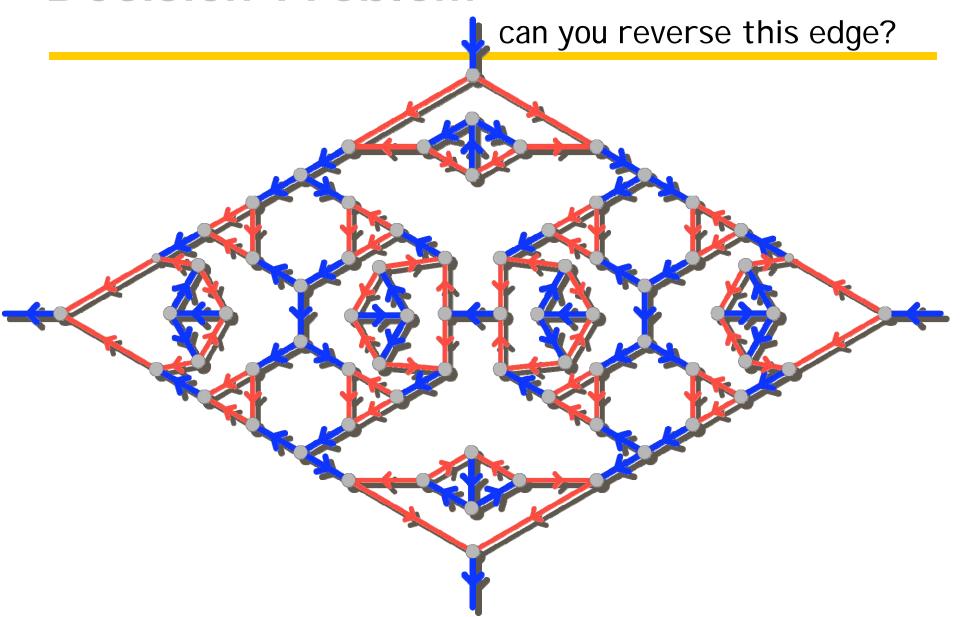
Rule: at least 2 units

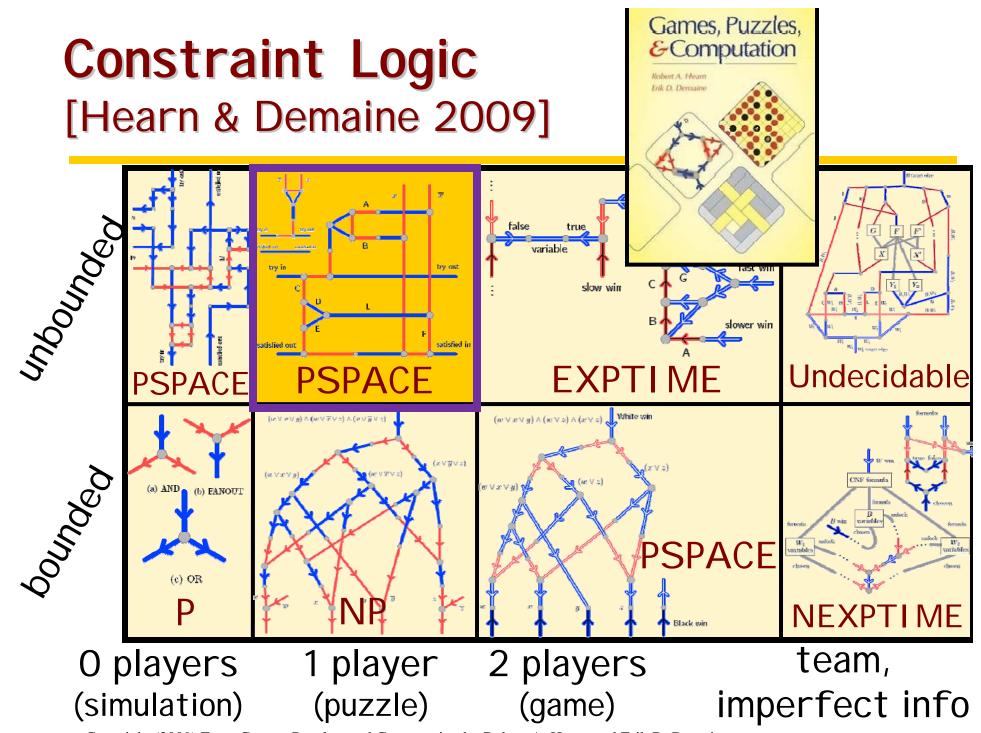
incoming at a vertex

#### **OR** vertex

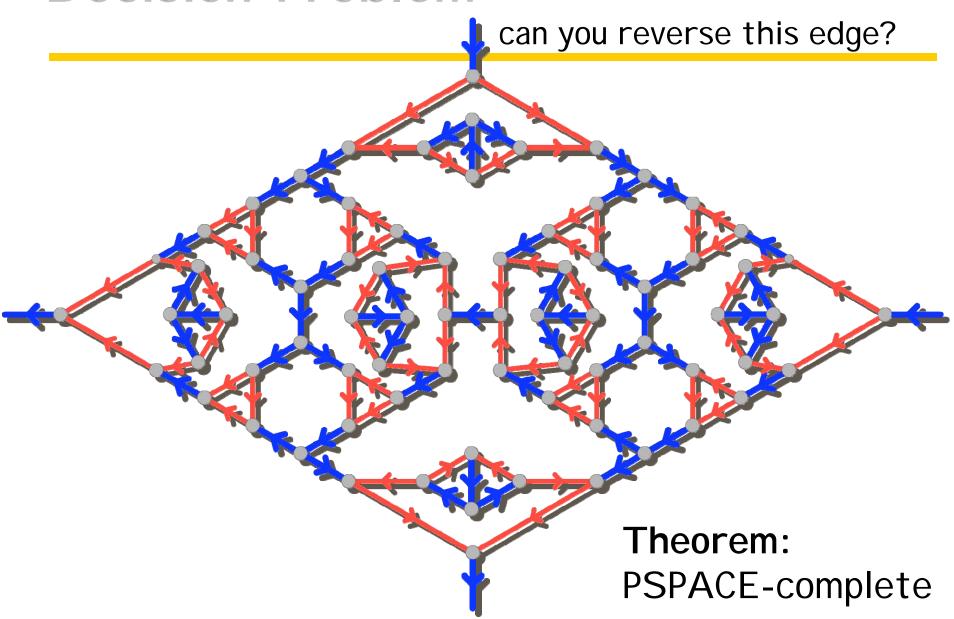


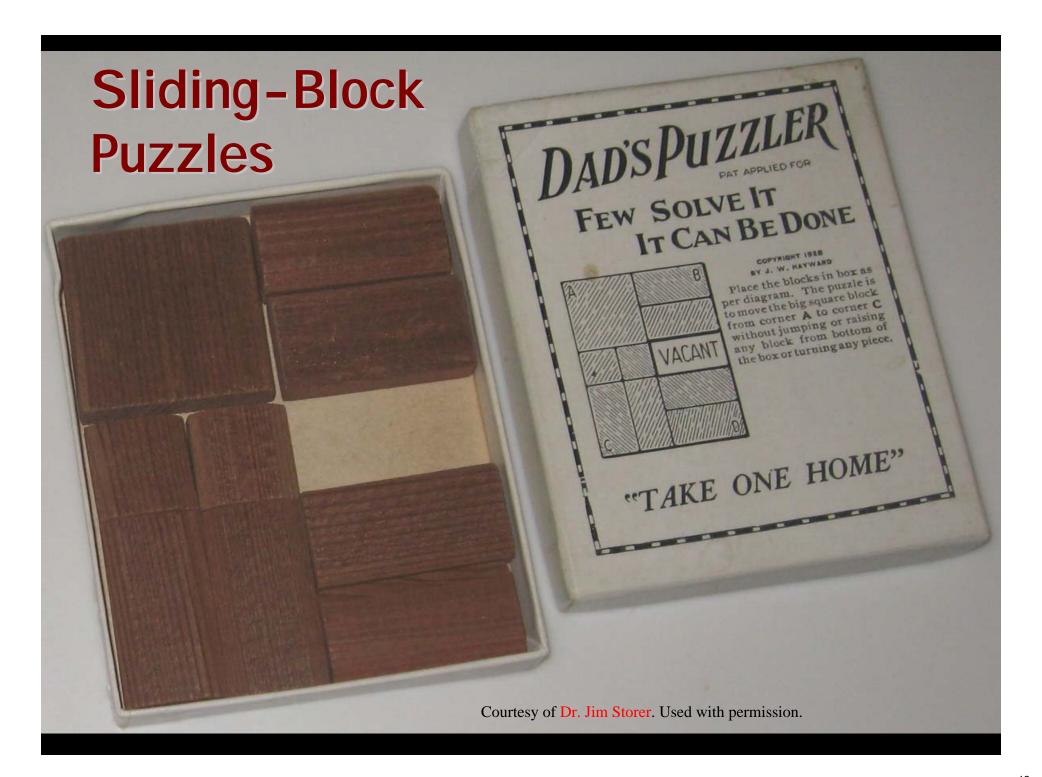
#### **Decision Problem**





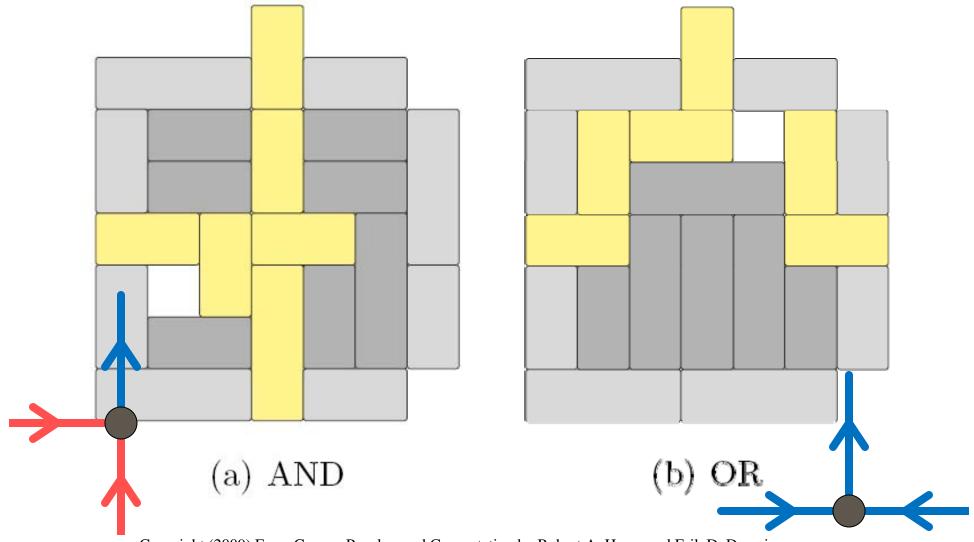
#### **Decision Problem**





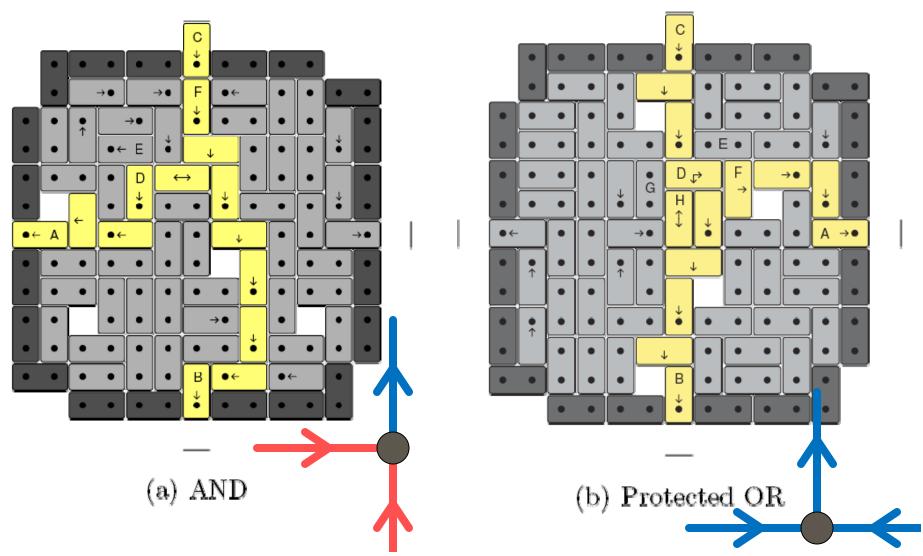
## Sliding-Block Puzzles [Hearn & Demaine 2002]

## Corollary: PSPACE-complete

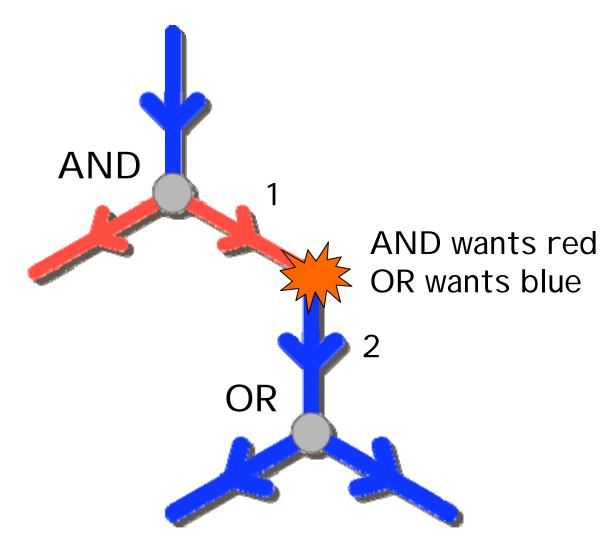


# Sliding-Block Puzzles [Hearn & Demaine 2002]

## Corollary: PSPACE-complete



## Wiring Vertices Together

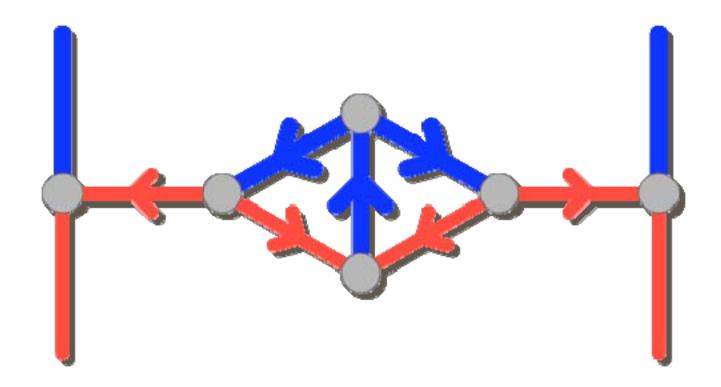


#### Red-Blue Conversion



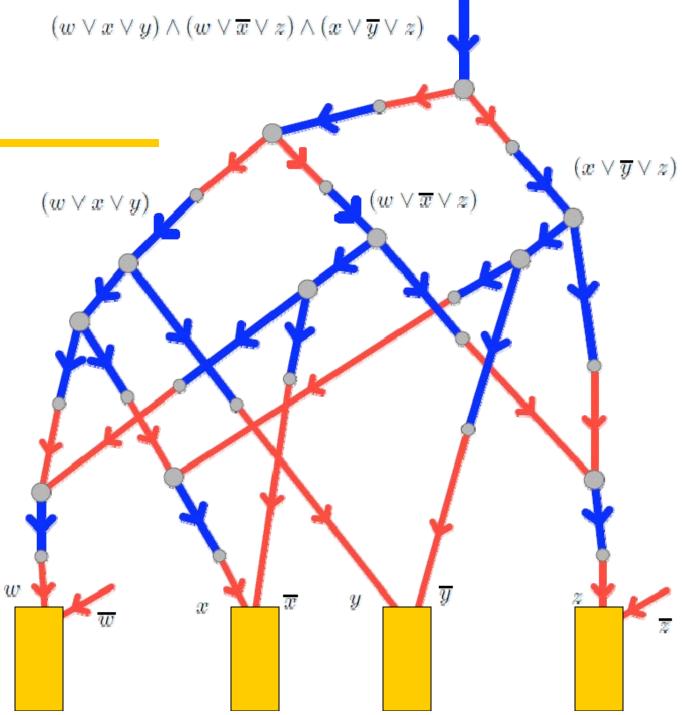
#### assume an even number of conversions

#### Red-Blue Conversion



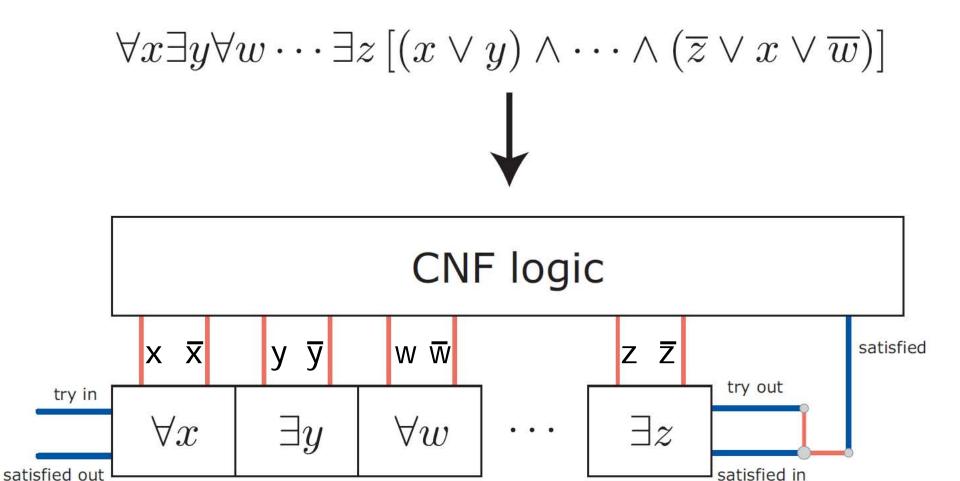
#### assume an even number of conversions

## Boolean Formulas

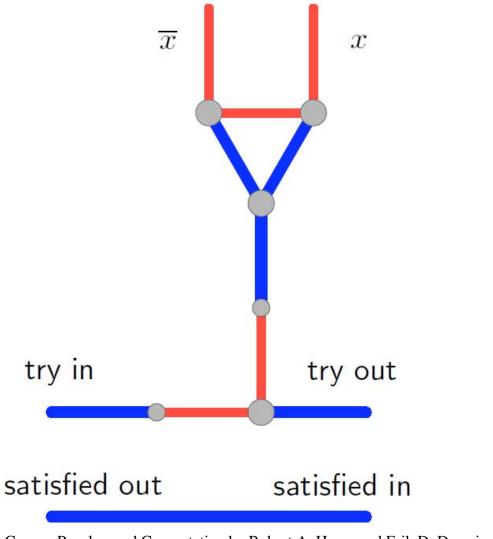


Copyright (2009) From Games, Puzzles, and Computation by Robert A. Hearn and Erik D. Demaine. Reproduced by permission of Taylor and Francis Group, LLC, a division of Informa plc.

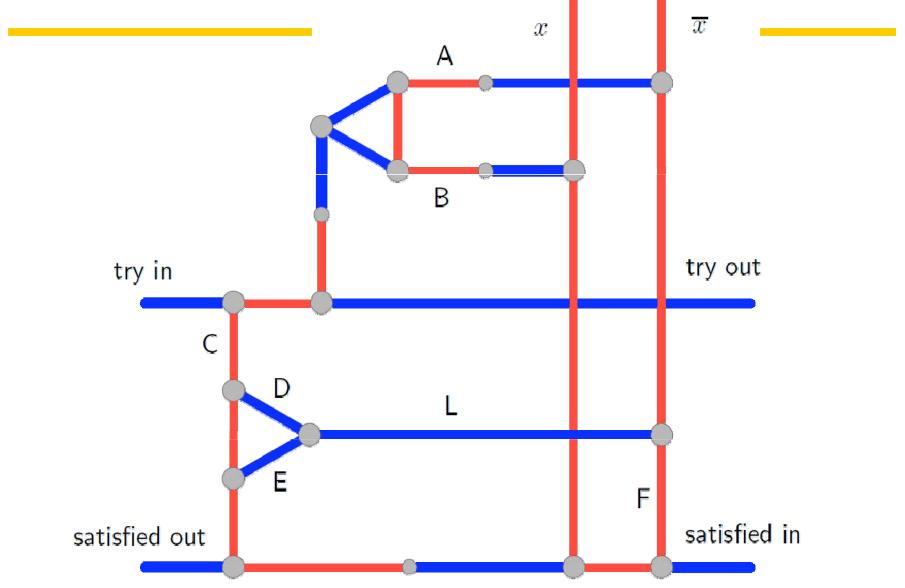
### Quantified Boolean Formulas (QBF)



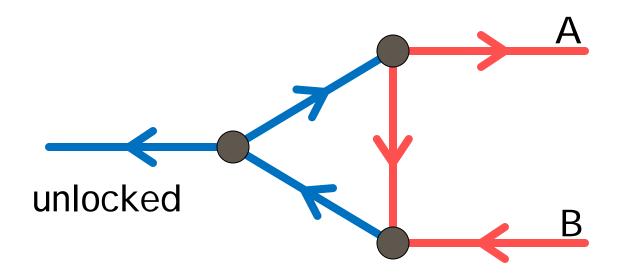
#### **Existential Quantifier**



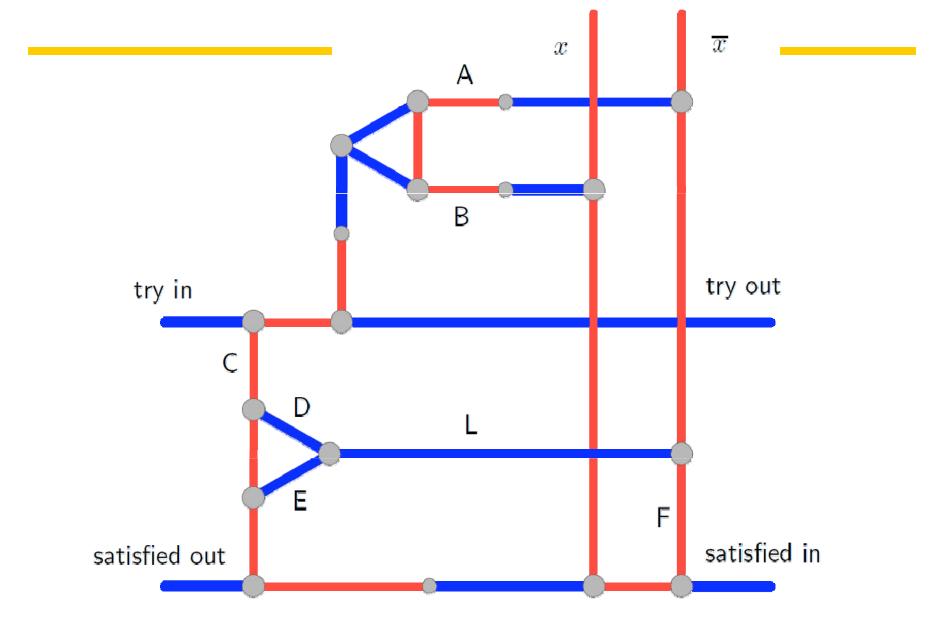
### Universal Quantifier



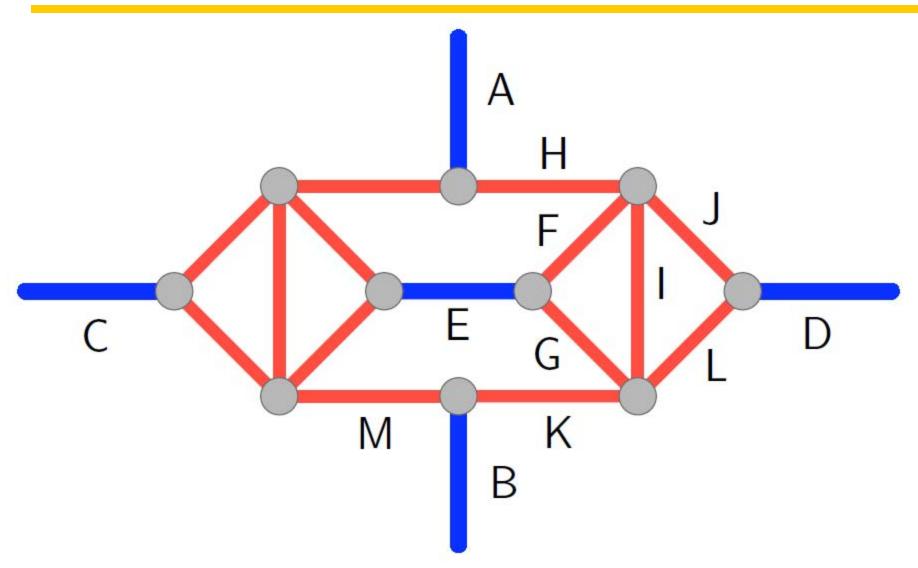
## Latch

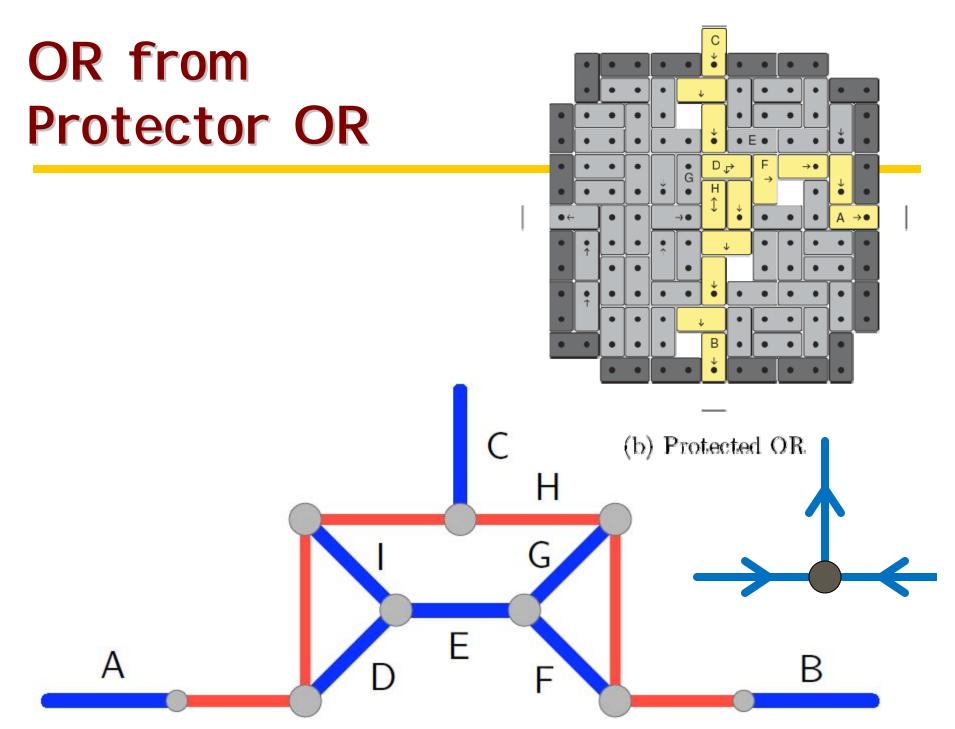


### Universal Quantifier

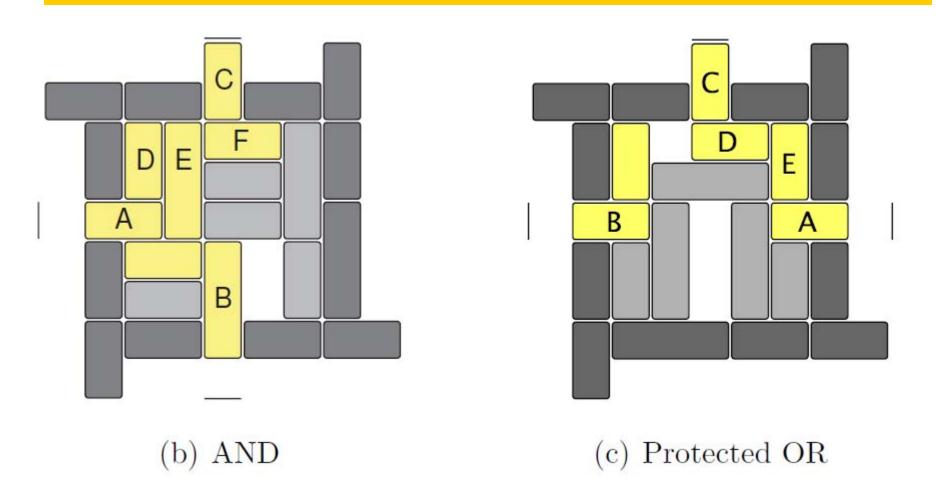


## **Crossover Gadget**





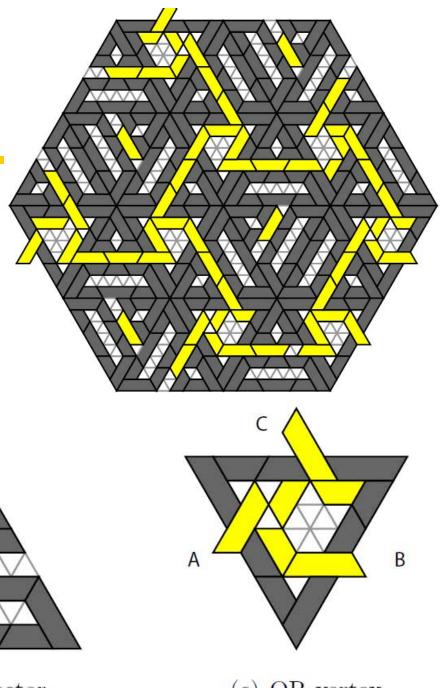
## Rush Hour [Hearn & Demaine 2002]



#### PSPACE-completeness known [Flake & Baum 2002]

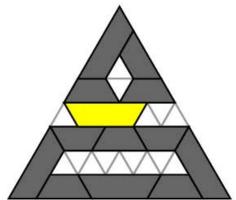
## Triangular Rush Hour

[Hearn & Demaine 2009]







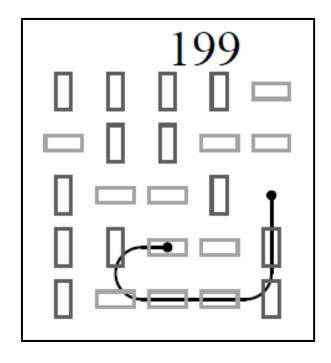


(b) Connector



# Open: 1×1 Rush Hour [Tromp & Cilibrasi 2008]

P or PSPACE-complete or ...?



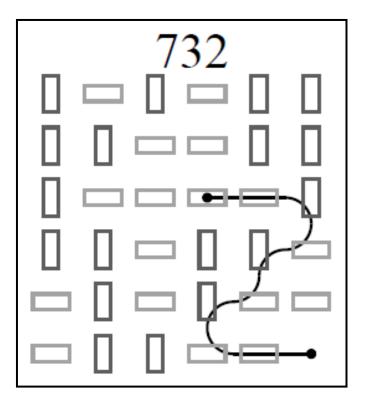
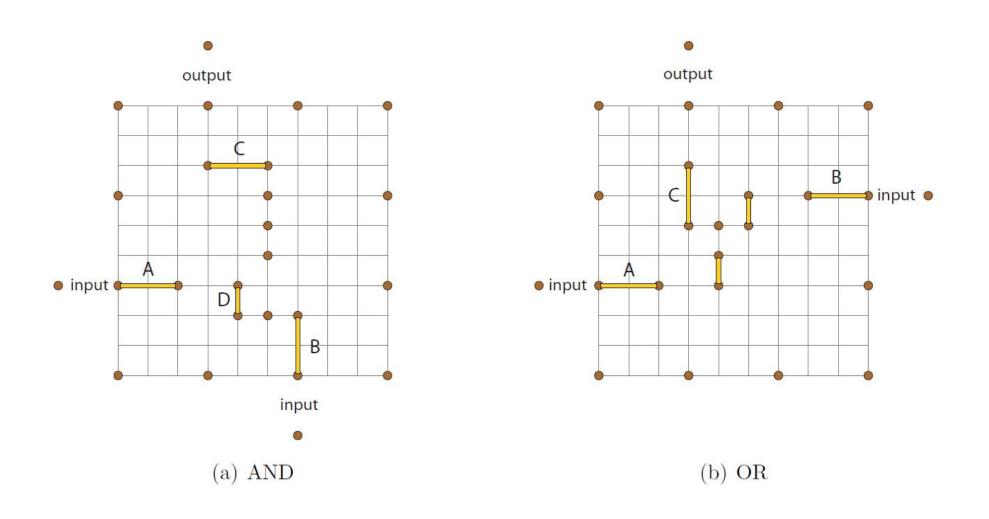
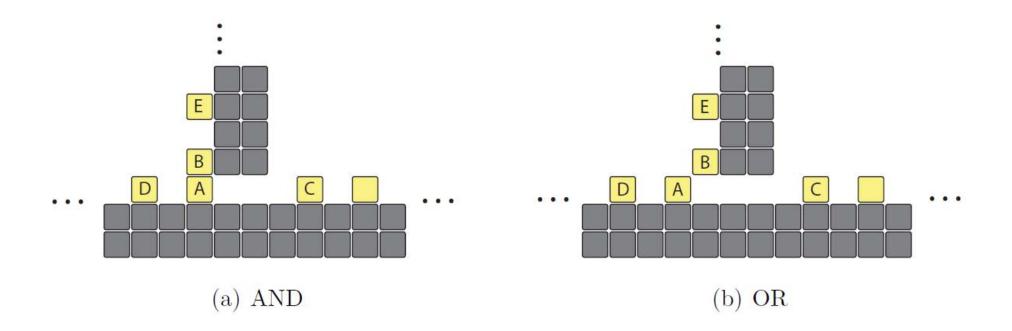


Image courtesy of John Tromp. Used with permission.

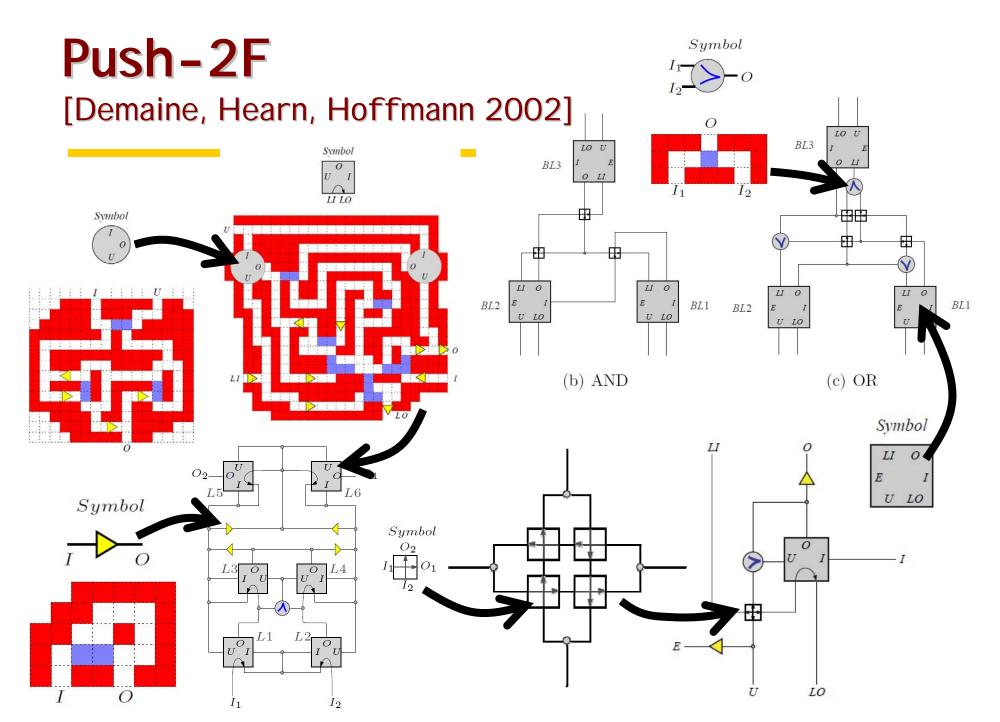
## Plank Puzzles [Hearn 2004]



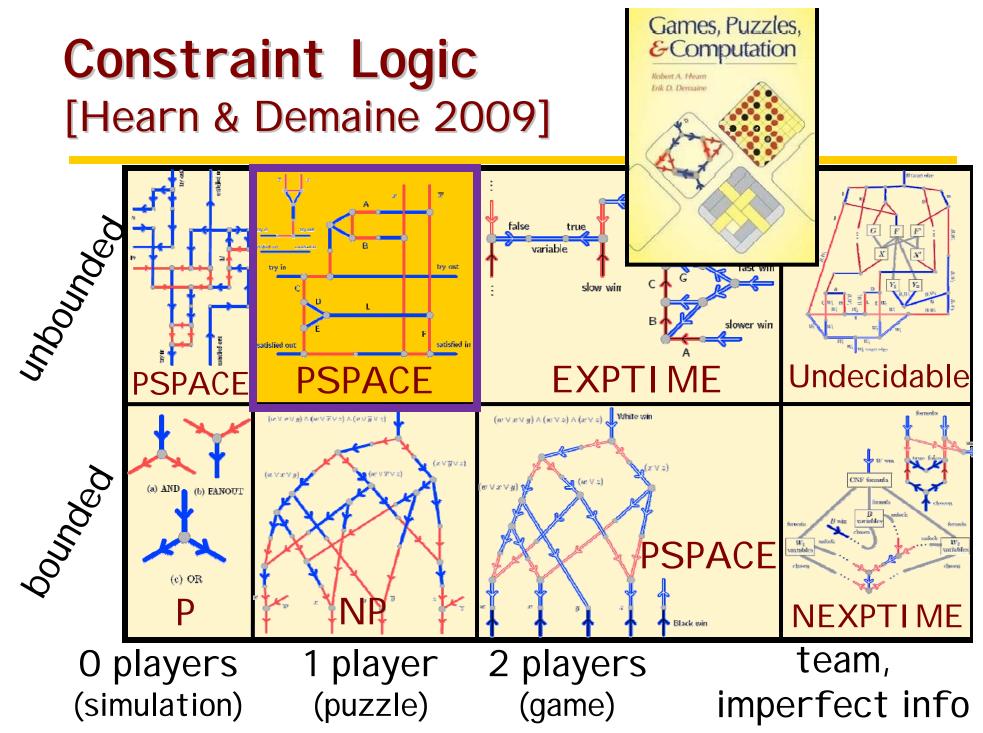
## Sokoban [Hearn & Demaine 2002]

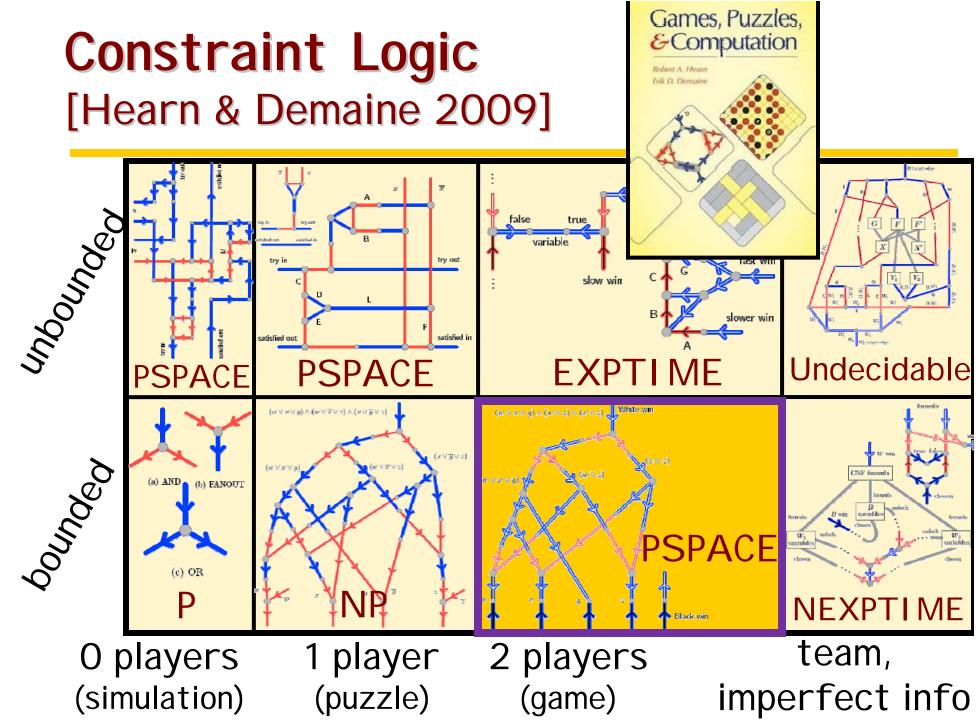


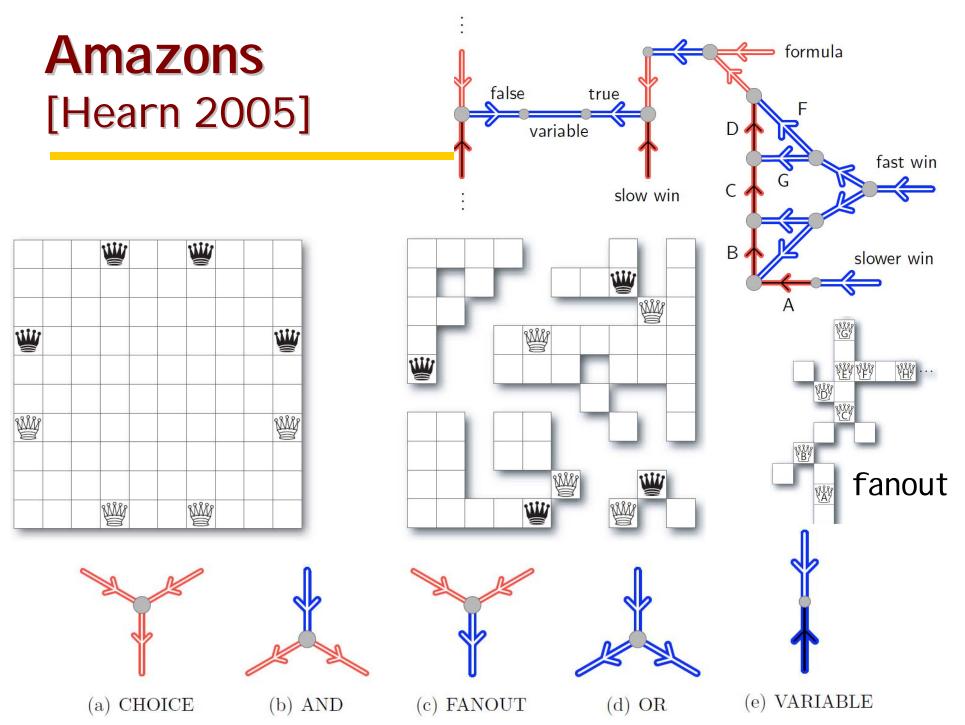
#### PSPACE-completeness known [Culberson 1998]



Copyright (2009) From Games, Puzzles, and Computation by Robert A. Hearn and Erik D. Demaine. Reproduced by permission of Taylor and Francis Group, LLC, a division of Informa plc.







Copyright (2009) From Games, Puzzles, and Computation by Robert A. Hearn and Erik D. Demaine. Reproduced by permission of Taylor and Francis Group, LLC, a division of Informa plc.

MIT OpenCourseWare http://ocw.mit.edu

ES.268 The Mathematics in Toys and Games Spring 2010

For information about citing these materials or our Terms of Use, visit: http://ocw.mit.edu/terms.