## Particles 3

Choose the appropriate particle for each blank. If no particle is possible, choose X.

1.  $\lambda = \lambda = 0$  ( )  $\nabla \tau = \lambda_0$ 

The structure of this sentence is X は Y です, hence no particle should follow どこ. "Where is the souvenir? As for the souvenir, where is it?"

- レストランと郵便局の間に何()ありますか。
   The subject of あります (What exists) should be marked with が. Please note that は never follows any question word. "What is between the restaurant and the post office?"
- 林さんは田中さんの右 ( ) 人ですよ。
   In this sentence, the location 田中さんの右 is used in reference to 人, so it should take N1 の N2 structure -[{田中さんの右}の人]. "Mr. Hayashi is the person to the right of Mr. Tanaka."
- 4. さっき ()ご飯を食べませんでしたか。 さっき(a little while ago) is a relative time word, hence it should not be followed by に. "Didn't you eat a meal (or 'rice') a little while ago?"
- 5. 学校のとなりの本屋で森さん( )会いました。 Please note that 'meet (with) X' is X に会う/X と会う. "I met (ran into) Ms. Mori at the bookstore next to the school."
- 6. 野口さんは英語とスペイン語( )分かります。 The direct object of 分かる is marked with が, not を. "Mr. Noguchi understands English and Spanish."
- 7. 火曜日にアメリカの友達()手紙を書きました。

友達 is the final destination of the letter. 'Write X (letter, mail etc) to person Y' is Y に X を書 く. Also note that ノートに書く is 'write on the notebook.' "I wrote a letter to my friend in America on Tuesday."

8. 昼ご飯は、たいてい一人 ( ) 食べます。

'Alone (lit. by one person, being one person)' is 一人で. "As for lunch, I usually eat alone."

子供() 時は、毎日何時ごろ起きましたか。
 Both 子供 and 時 are nouns, and you need の to modify a noun with other noun. Please note that X の時 is '(At) the time of X[noun].' "Around what time did you (used to) get up when you were a child?"

10. 昨日アルバイトをしました。今日()しますよ。

きょう 今日 shares a common attribute with 昨日 , hence it should be marked with も. "I did a part-time job yesterday. I will do it today as well."

喫茶店でドイツ語の本を読みました。でも、雑誌()読みませんでした。
 ドイツ語の本 was read, but 雑誌 was not read. That means,雑誌 is presented as a contrasted item to ドイツ語の本, and it should be marked with は "I read a German book at the coffee shop. However, I didn't read a magazine (as for a magazine, I didn't)."

12. 月曜日に銀行に行きました。図書館( )行きましたよ。

You need to use  $\mathfrak{G}$  in addition to  $\mathfrak{C}$  to say 'to the library, too'. Also note that  $\mathfrak{C}$  cannot be replaced by  $\mathfrak{G}$ , hence multiple particle  $\mathfrak{C}\mathfrak{G}$  should be used. "I went to the bank on Monday. I went to the library, too."

13. 今日は上野さんと話しました。スミスさん() 話しませんでしたよ。
You need to use は in addition to へ to indicate 'with Mr. Smith' is a contrasted item to 'with Ms. Ueno.' Also note that と cannot be replaced by は, hence multiple particle とは should be used. "Today I talked with Ms. Ueno today. I didn't talk with Mr. Smith (lit. As for with Mr. Smith, I didn't talk)."

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