

Prob. 15.1

Write out the two-dimensional compliance matrix \mathbf{S} and stiffness matrix \mathbf{D} for a single ply of graphite/epoxy composite with its fibers aligned along the x axes.

Define compliance matrix Eq. 15.11):

Digits:=4;with(linalg);

S:=matrix(3,3,[1/E[1], -nu[21]/E[2], 0],[-nu[12]/E[1],1/E[2],0],[0,0,1/G[12]]]);

$$S := \begin{vmatrix} \frac{1}{E_1} & -\frac{\nu_{21}}{E_2} & 0 \\ -\frac{\nu_{12}}{E_1} & \frac{1}{E_2} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{G_{12}} \end{vmatrix}$$

Numerical parameters for graphite-epoxy:

unprotect(E); E[1]:=230e9; E[2]:=6.6e9; G[12]:=4.8e9; nu[12]:=0.25;

nu[21]:=nu[12]*E[2]/E[1];

Evaluate compliance matrix:

S_bar:=map(eval,S);

$$S_bar := \begin{vmatrix} .4348 \cdot 10^{-11} & -.1087 \cdot 10^{-11} & 0 \\ -.1087 \cdot 10^{-11} & .1515 \cdot 10^{-9} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & .2083 \cdot 10^{-9} \end{vmatrix}$$

Obtain stiffness matrix by inversion:

D_bar:=inverse(S_bar);

$$D_bar := \begin{vmatrix} .2304 \cdot 10^{12} & .1653 \cdot 10^{10} & 0 \\ .1653 \cdot 10^{10} & .6611 \cdot 10^{10} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & .4799 \cdot 10^{10} \end{vmatrix}$$

Prob. 15.2

Write out the x - y two-dimensional compliance matrix $\bar{\mathbf{S}}$ and stiffness matrix $\bar{\mathbf{D}}$ (Eqn. 15.12) for a single ply of graphite/epoxy composite with its fibers aligned 30° from the x axis.

Compliance matrix (Eq. 15.11):

Digits:=4;with(linalg); S:=matrix(3,3,[1/E[1], -nu[21]/E[2], 0], [-nu[12]/E[1], 1/E[2], 0], [0,0,1/G[12]]]);

$$S := \begin{vmatrix} \frac{1}{E_1} & -\frac{\nu_{21}}{E_2} & 0 \\ -\frac{\nu_{12}}{E_1} & \frac{1}{E_2} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{G_{12}} \end{vmatrix}$$

Numerical parameters for graphite/epoxy:

**unprotect(E); E[1]:=230e9; E[2]:=6.6e9; G[12]:=4.8e9; nu[12]:=0.25;
nu[21]:=nu[12]*E[2]/E[1];**

Compliance matrix evaluated:

S2:=map(eval,S);

$$S2 := \begin{vmatrix} .4348 \cdot 10^{-11} & -.1087 \cdot 10^{-11} & 0 \\ -.1087 \cdot 10^{-11} & .1515 \cdot 10^{-9} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & .2083 \cdot 10^{-9} \end{vmatrix}$$

Transformation matrix (Eq. 10.4):

A:=matrix(3,3,[[c^2,s^2,2*s*c],[s^2,c^2,-2*s*c],[-s*c,s*c,c^2-s^2]]);

$$A := \begin{vmatrix} c^2 & s^2 & 2 s c \\ s^2 & c^2 & -2 s c \\ -s c & s c & c^2 - s^2 \end{vmatrix}$$

Trigonometric relations and angle:

s:=sin(theta);c:=cos(theta);theta:=30*Pi/180;

Transformation matrix evaluated:

A2:=evalf(map(eval,A));

$$A2 := \begin{vmatrix} .7500 & .2500 & .8660 \\ .2500 & .7500 & -.8660 \\ -.4330 & .4330 & .5000 \end{vmatrix}$$

Reuter's matrix (Eq. 10.7):

R:=matrix(3,3,[[1,0,0],[0,1,0],[0,0,2]]);

$$R := \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 \end{vmatrix}$$

Transformed compliance matrix (Eq. 11.12);

Sbar:=evalf(evalm(R &* inverse(A2) &* inverse(R) &* S2 &* A2));

$$Sbar := \begin{vmatrix} .5056 \cdot 10^{-10} & -.1050 \cdot 10^{-10} & -.7460 \cdot 10^{-10} \\ -.1052 \cdot 10^{-10} & .1241 \cdot 10^{-9} & -.5278 \cdot 10^{-10} \\ -.7462 \cdot 10^{-10} & -.5278 \cdot 10^{-10} & .1706 \cdot 10^{-9} \end{vmatrix}$$

Transformed stiffness matrix (inverse of compliance matrix):

Dbar:=inverse(Sbar);

$$Dbar := \begin{vmatrix} .1344 \cdot 10^{12} & .4187 \cdot 10^{11} & .7173 \cdot 10^{11} \\ .4191 \cdot 10^{11} & .2236 \cdot 10^{11} & .2525 \cdot 10^{11} \\ .7175 \cdot 10^{11} & .2524 \cdot 10^{11} & .4506 \cdot 10^{11} \end{vmatrix}$$