## Chain rule and total differentials

1. Find the total differential of $w=z \mathrm{e}^{(x+y)}$ at $(0,0,1)$.
2. Suppose $w=z \mathrm{e}^{(x+y)}$ and $x=t, \quad y=t^{2}, \quad z=t^{3}$. Compute $\frac{d w}{d t}$ and evaluate it when $t=2$.

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### 18.02SC Multivariable Calculus

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