

3/9/06

N_2 IS COMPLEX

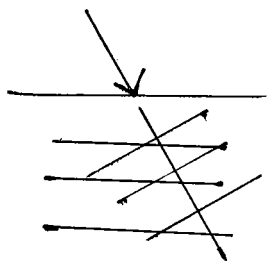
$$n_1 \sin \theta_i = N_2 \sin \theta_t$$

$$\sin \theta_t = \frac{e^{i\theta_t} - e^{-i\theta_t}}{2i} = a + bi$$

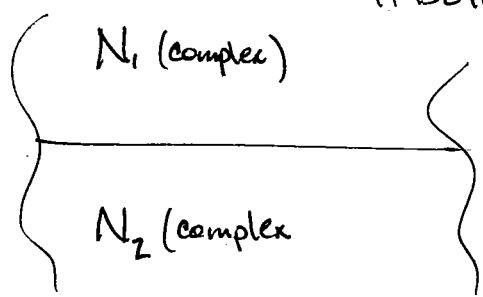
$$\cos \theta_t = a_1 + b_1 i$$

$$\vec{E}_{t||} = \vec{E}_{t||0} \exp \left[-i(\omega t - k_{tx} x - a_1 z) \right] e^{-b_1 z}$$

INHOMOGENEOUS WAVE



IF BOTH SIDES COMPLEX

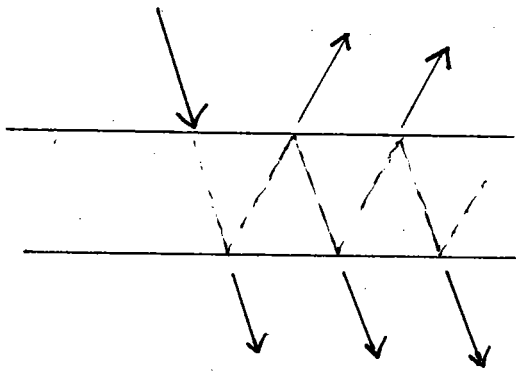


~~REVERSED~~

$$R_{||} + T_{||} \neq 1$$

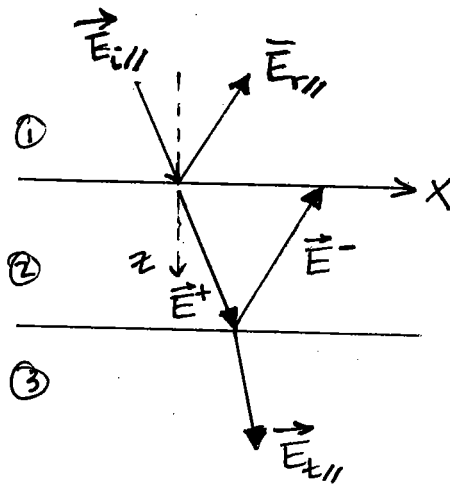
NON LINEAR OPTICS

$$\vec{D} = \epsilon \vec{E} + \vec{\sigma} : \vec{E} \cdot \vec{E} + () \vec{E}^3$$



RAY TRACING IS PHYSICALLY UNDERSTANDABLE, BUT MATHEMATICALLY NOT ELEGANT

SO,



$$\bar{E}^+ = \bar{E}_{||}^+ \exp[-i(\omega t - k_{zx}x - k_{zz}z)]$$

$$\bar{E}^- = \bar{E}_{||}^- \exp[-i(\omega t - k_{zx}x + k_{zz}z)]$$

INTERFACE 1: $E_{i||} \cos\theta_i + E_{r||} \cos\theta_i = E_{||}^+ \cos\theta_2 + E_{||}^- \cos\theta_2$

$$n_1 E_{i||} - n_1 E_{r||} = n_2 E_{||}^+ - n_2 E_{||}^-$$

INTERFACE 2:

$$E_{||}^+ \cos\theta_2 \exp\left[i \frac{\omega n_2 \cos\theta_2}{c_0} d\right] + E_{||}^- \cos\theta_2 \exp\left[-i \frac{\omega n_2 \cos\theta_2}{c_0} d\right]$$

$$= E_{t\parallel} \cos \Delta \theta_t \exp \left[i \underbrace{\frac{\omega n_3 \cos \Delta \theta_{3d}}{c_0}}_{\equiv \phi_3} \right]$$

$$n_2 E_{\parallel}^+ \exp[i\phi_2] - n_2 E_{\parallel}^- \exp[-i\phi_2] = n_3 \exp[i\phi_3] E_{t\parallel}$$

... WILL FIND

$$r_{\parallel} = \frac{E_{r\parallel}}{E_{i\parallel}} = \frac{\Gamma_{12\parallel} + \Gamma_{23\parallel} e^{2i\phi_2}}{1 + \Gamma_{12\parallel} \Gamma_{23\parallel} e^{2i\phi_2}}$$

* FACTOR OF 2
IN REFLECTION
DUE TO
"ROUND TRIP"

$$t_{\parallel} = \frac{E_{t\parallel}(d)}{E_{i\parallel}} = \frac{t_{12\parallel} t_{23\parallel} e^{i\phi_2}}{1 + \Gamma_{12\parallel} \Gamma_{23\parallel} e^{2i\phi_2}}$$

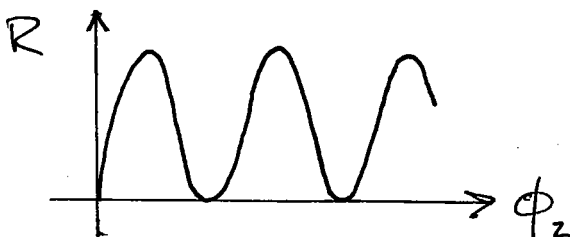
$$R_{\parallel} = |r_{\parallel}|^2, \quad T_{\parallel} = \frac{\operatorname{Re}(n_3 \cos \Delta \theta_3)}{\operatorname{Re}(n_1 \cos \Delta \theta_1)} |t_{\parallel}|^2$$

ASSUME ALL REAL

$$R = \frac{\Gamma_{12}^2 + \Gamma_{23}^2 + 2\Gamma_{12}\Gamma_{23}\cos 2\phi_2}{1 + 2\Gamma_{12}\Gamma_{23}\cos 2\phi_2 + \Gamma_{12}^2\Gamma_{23}^2}$$

PERIODIC W.R.T.
 ϕ_2

$$\phi_2 = \frac{d\omega n_2 \cos \Delta \theta_2}{c_0} = \frac{2\pi n_2 d \cos \Delta \theta_2}{\lambda_0}$$



INTERFERENCE

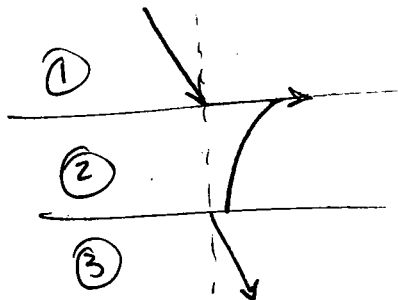
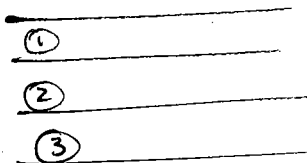
$$\frac{4\pi n_2 d \cos \theta_2}{\lambda_0} = m\pi$$

$$d \cos \theta_2 = \frac{m \lambda_0}{4 n_2}$$

m is odd

$$R = \left(\frac{r_{12} - r_{23}}{1 - r_{12} r_{23}} \right)^2 = \left(\frac{n_1 n_3 - n_2^2}{n_1 n_3 + n_2^2} \right)^2 \Rightarrow$$

USEFUL FOR ANALYZING
ANTI REFLECTION
COATINGS
USING VARIOUS LAYERS



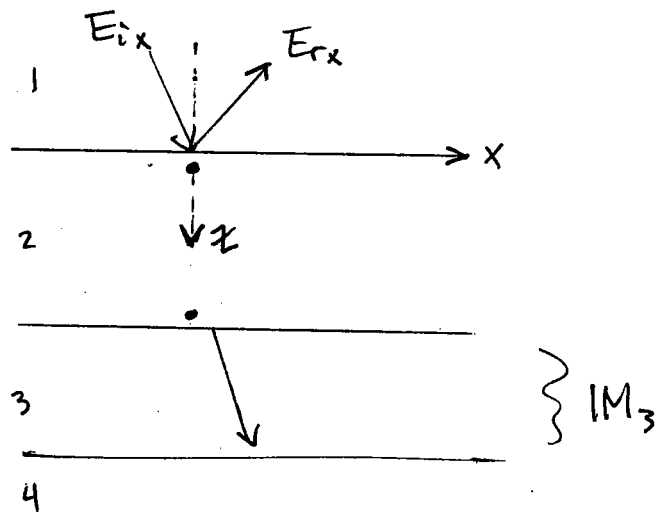
$$n_1 \sin \theta_1 = n_2 \sin \theta_2 = n_3 \sin \theta_3$$

$n_1 > n_2$; BUT θ_1 MUST BE SUCH THAT $\sin \theta_3$ IS REAL

POYNTING VECTOR IN A MATERIAL

CHECK THESE
SIGNS!

$$\langle S \rangle = \frac{1}{2} \text{Re} \left[(\vec{E}^+ + \vec{E}^-) \times (\vec{H}^{+*} + \vec{H}^{-*}) \right] \neq S^+ - S^-$$



$$\begin{pmatrix} E_x(z) \\ H_y(z) \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \cos \phi(z) & i p_2 \sin \phi(z) \\ \frac{i}{p_2} \sin \phi(z) & \cos \phi(z) \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} E_x(0) \\ H_y(0) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} E_x(d) \\ H_y(d) \end{pmatrix} = IM_2 \begin{pmatrix} E_x(0) \\ H_y(0) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} E_{x3}(d_3) \\ H_{y3}(d_3) \end{pmatrix} = IM_3 IM_2 \begin{pmatrix} E_x(0) \\ H_y(0) \end{pmatrix}$$

p = Surface Impedance

$$p_2 = \frac{\cos \theta_2}{n_2 / \mu_0} \quad \text{TM}$$

$$\left\{ = \frac{-n_2 \cos \theta_2}{\mu_0} \right\} \quad \text{TE}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} E_x(0) \\ H_y(0) \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ \frac{1}{P_1} & -\frac{1}{P_1} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} E_{ix} \\ E_{rx} \end{pmatrix}$$

~~* correction~~

$$\begin{pmatrix} E_x(d) \\ \cancel{H_y(d)} \\ H_y(d) \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ \frac{1}{P_3} \end{pmatrix} E_{tx}$$

* correction

$$\begin{pmatrix} E_x(0) \\ H_y(0) \end{pmatrix} = M_2 M_3 M_4 \dots M_N \begin{pmatrix} E_x(d_n) \\ H_y(d_n) \end{pmatrix}$$