## MASSACHUSETTS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY Department of Physics

Fall Term 2004
ical Energy

## Hand in one solution per group.

We would like each group to apply the problem solving strategy with the four stages (see below) to answer the following two problems.

- I. Understand get a conceptual grasp of the problem
- II. Devise a Plan set up a procedure to obtain the desired solution
- **III.** Carry our your plan solve the problem!
- IV. Look Back check your solution and method of solution

## Problem 22: Escape Velocity and Mechanical Energy

The asteroid Toro, discovered in 1964, has a radius of about  $R = 5.0 \, km$  and a mass of about  $m_t = 2.0 \times 10^{15} \, \text{kg}$ . Let's assume that Toro is a perfectly uniform sphere. What is the escape velocity for an object of mass m on the surface of Toro? Could a person reach this speed (on Earth) by running?

## Problem 23: Circular Motion and Conservation of Mechanical Energy

An object of mass m is released from rest at a height h above the surface of a table. The object slides along the inside of the loop-the-loop track consisting of a ramp and a circular loop of radius R shown in the figure. Assume that the track is frictionless. When the object is at the top of the track it pushes against the track with a force equal to three times it's weight. What height was the object dropped from?

