# MASSACHUSETTS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY <br> Physics Department 

## Experiment 08: The Physical Pendulum

Section: $\qquad$ Table and Group: $\qquad$

## Participants:

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$\qquad$
Each group need turn in only one report. Make sure that you each have a copy of your data, as you will need it for a problem on Problem Set 10. (You can find a copy of the problem at the end of the notes for the experiment.)

## Part One: Bare Ruler Pendulum

Enter your data for the three initial amplitudes of the ruler pendulum into the table below.

| Displacement | $\theta_{0}$ | Period |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0.10 m | 0.10 |  |
| 0.25 m | 0.25 |  |
| 0.50 m | 0.52 |  |

1. Estimate the error in your measurement of the period $T$ of the pendulum and explain why you made that estimate.
2. The first order correction to the $\sin \theta=\theta$ approximation gives a period $T\left(\theta_{0}\right)=T(0)\left[1+\theta_{0}^{2} / 16\right]$ where $\theta_{0}$ is the angular amplitude (in radians) of the pendulum motion and $T(0)$ is the period assuming the approximation is exact. Calculate the correction and compare it to your estimated error.
3. Were you able to detect any evidence of the $\sin \theta=\theta$ approximation breaking down?

## Part Two: Ruler With Attached Weight

Enter the results measured by your group for the period when a weight was clipped to the ruler into the table below.

| Displacement | Weight | Position | Period |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0.20 m | 58.6 gm | 0.25 m |  |
| 0.20 m | 58.6 gm | 0.50 m |  |
| 0.20 m | 58.6 gm | 0.90 m |  |

